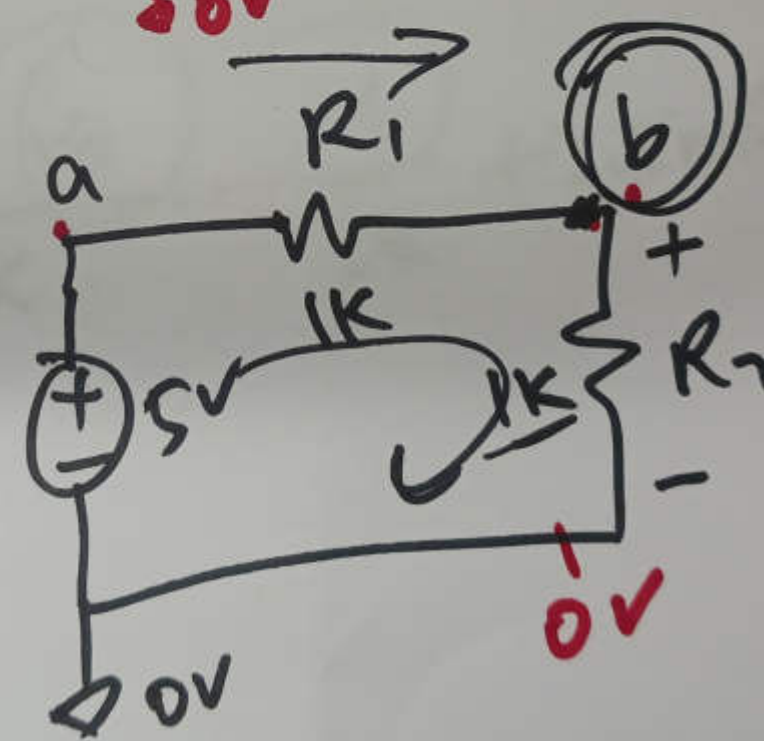
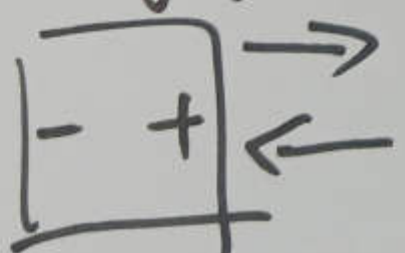


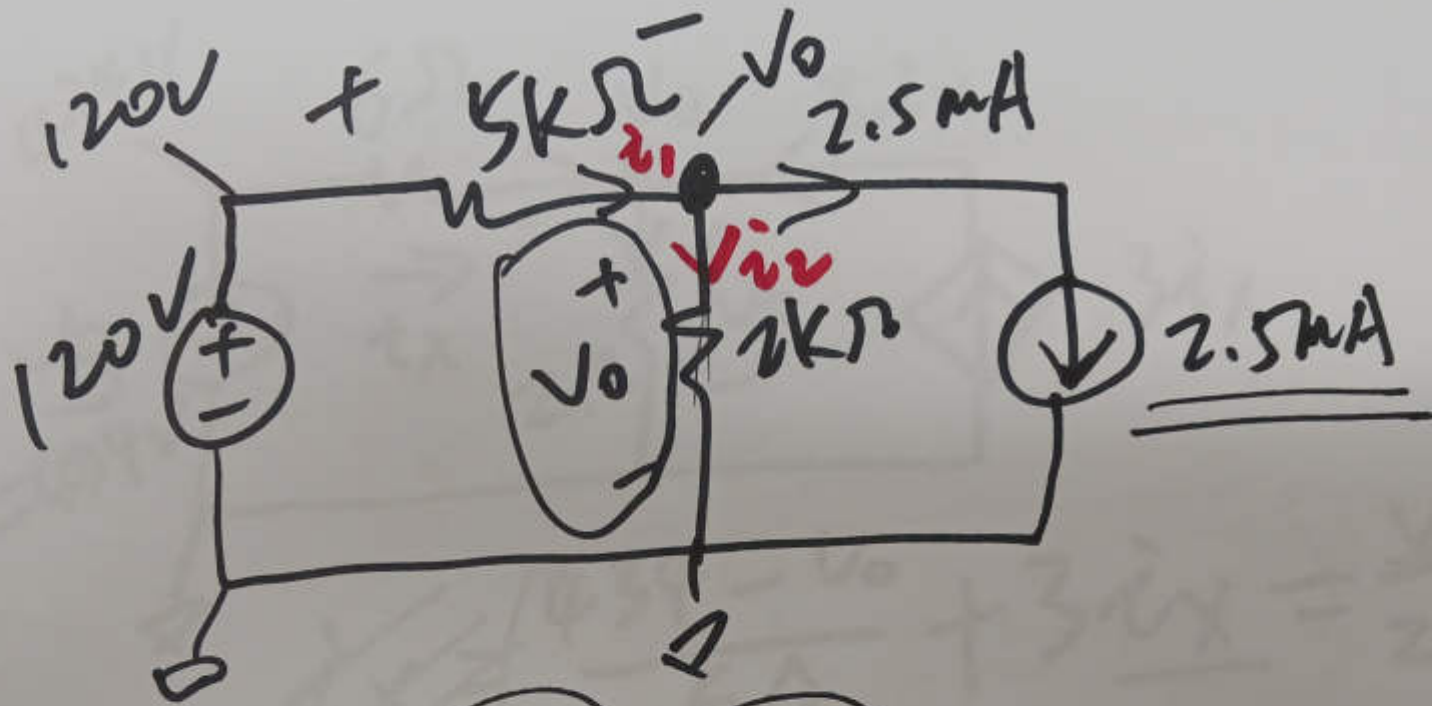
$i_o = 70A - 25A = 45A$
 $i_o = 5V_o = 45A$
 $V_o = 9V$
 $V_b = 2.5V - 0 = 2.5V$

dev/supply
 absorb/dissipate
 $V \cdot I = P_{dev}$



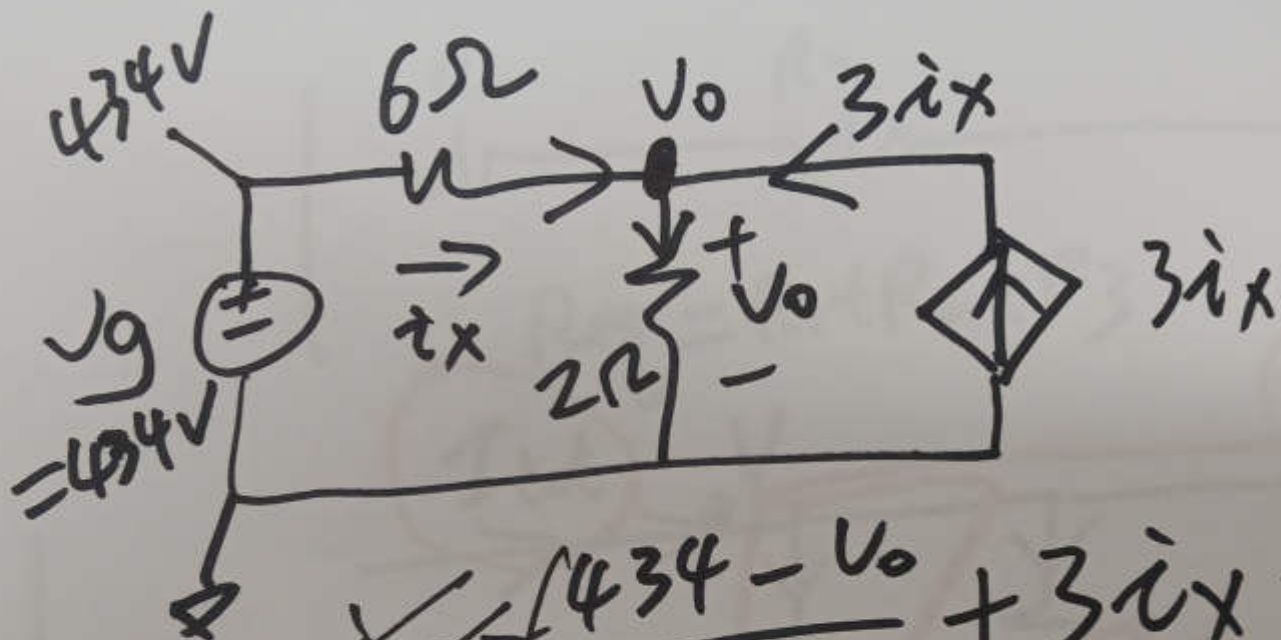
$I = \frac{5V}{2k} = 2.5mA$
 $V_{R2} = 1k \Omega \cdot 2.5mA = 2.5V$

①



$$\frac{120 - V_o}{5K} = \frac{V_o}{2K} + 2.5mA$$

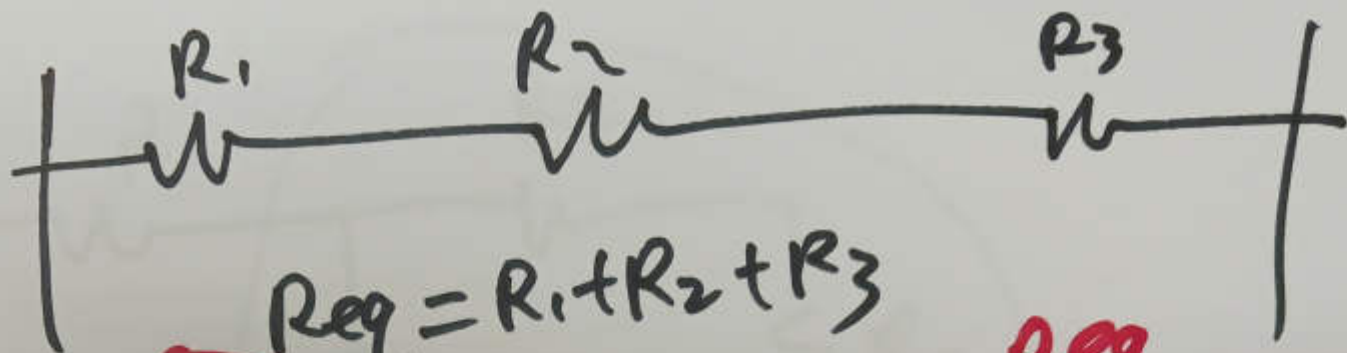
②



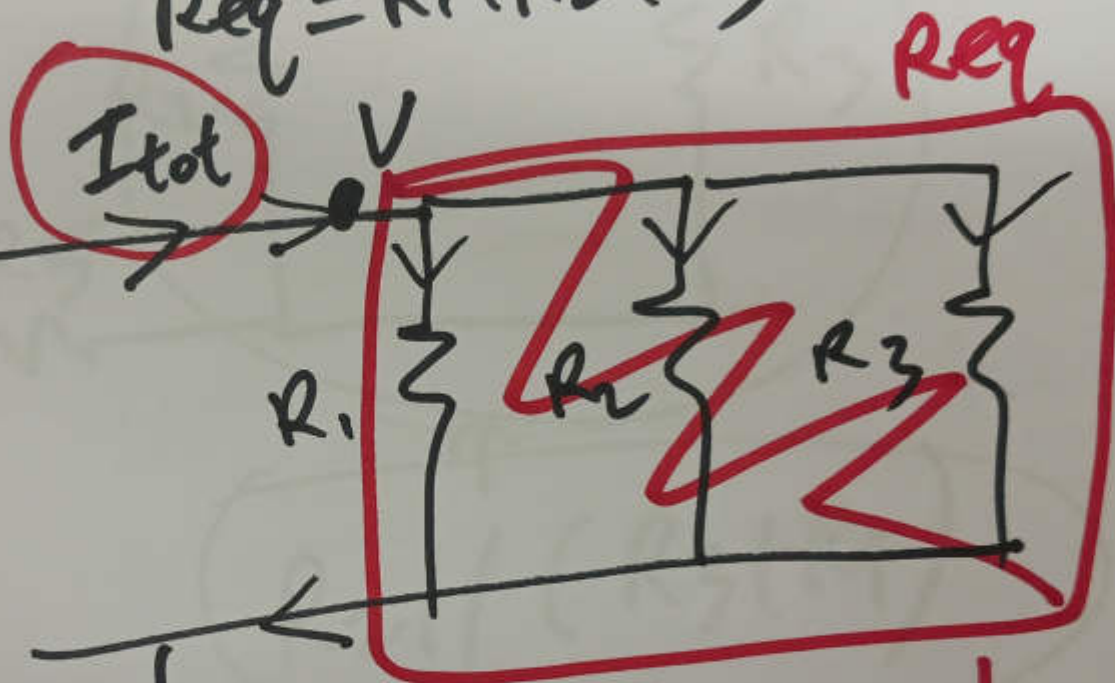
~~$$i_x = \frac{434 - V_o}{6\Omega} + 3i_x = \frac{V_o}{2\Omega}$$~~

$$\frac{434 - V_o}{6\Omega} = i_x$$

(3)



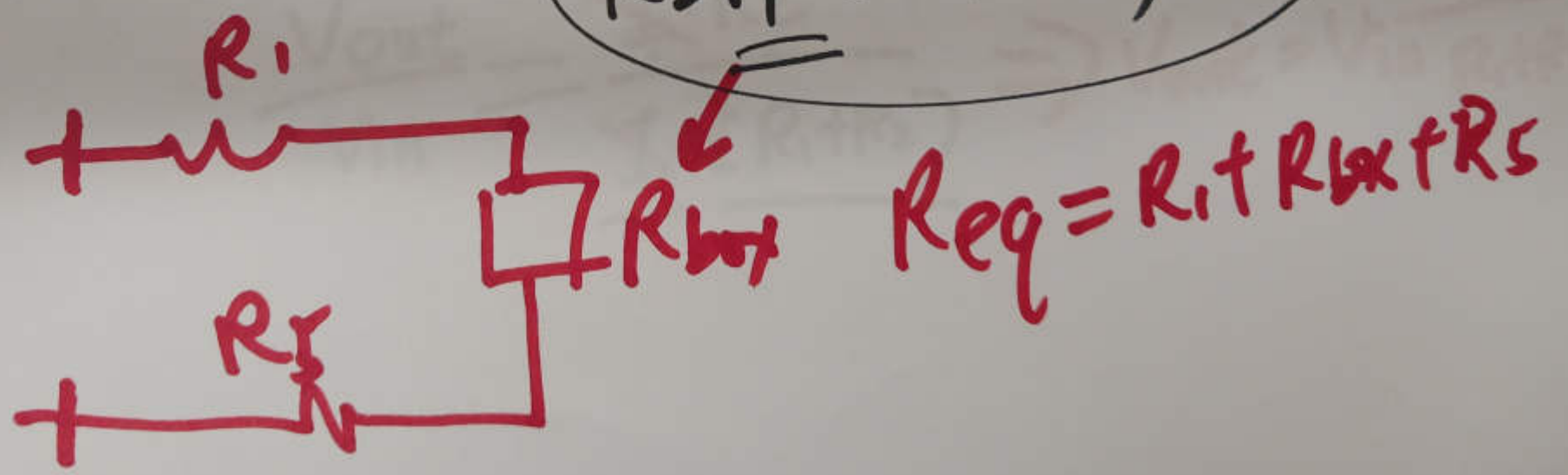
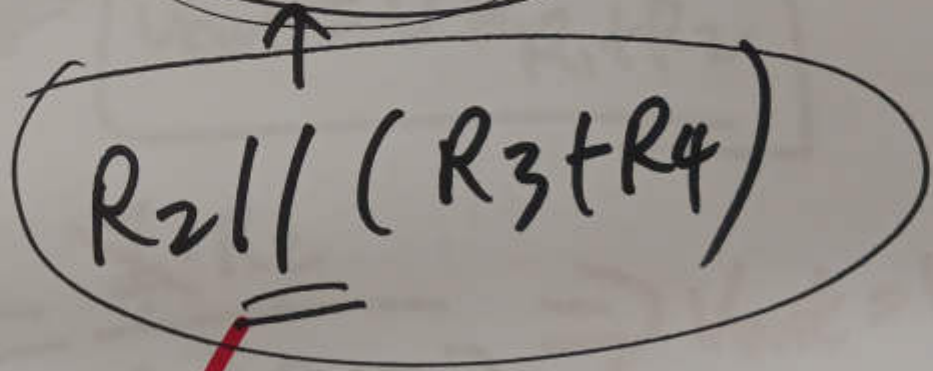
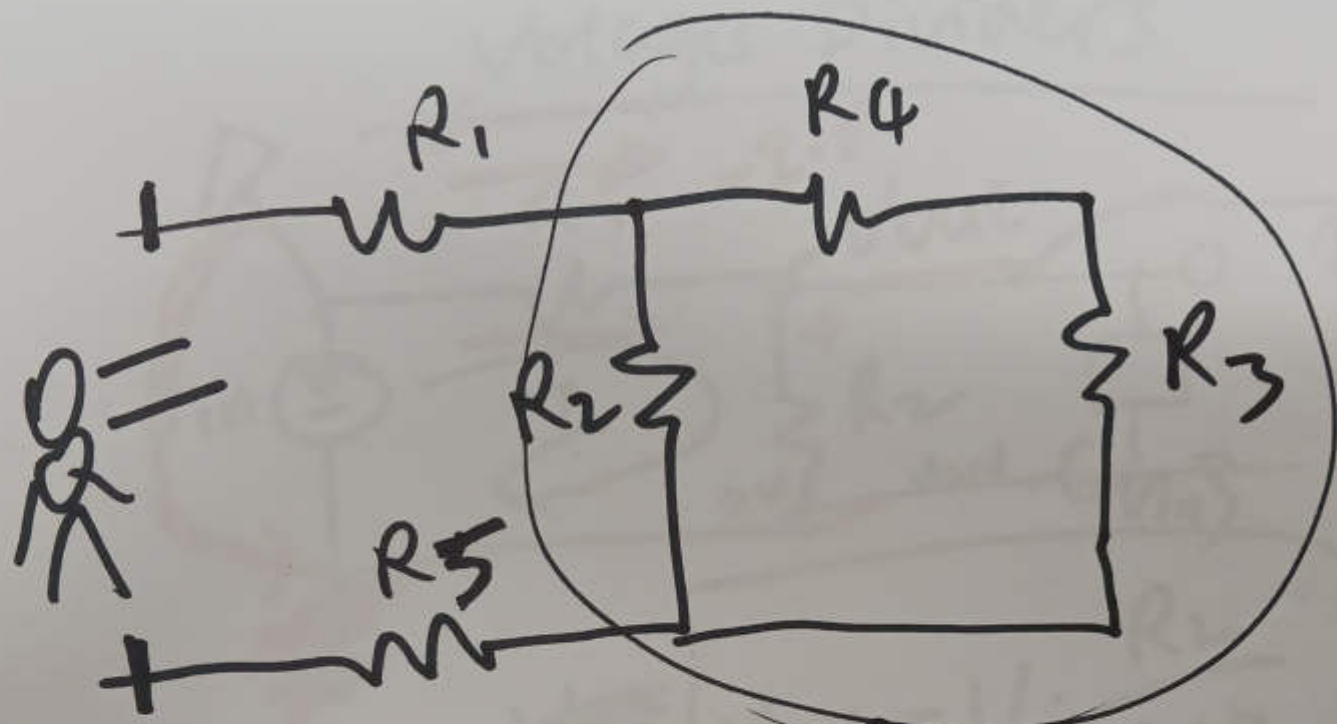
$$R_{eq} = R_1 + R_2 + R_3$$



$$\frac{V}{R_{eq}} = \frac{V}{R_1} + \frac{V}{R_2} + \frac{V}{R_3}$$

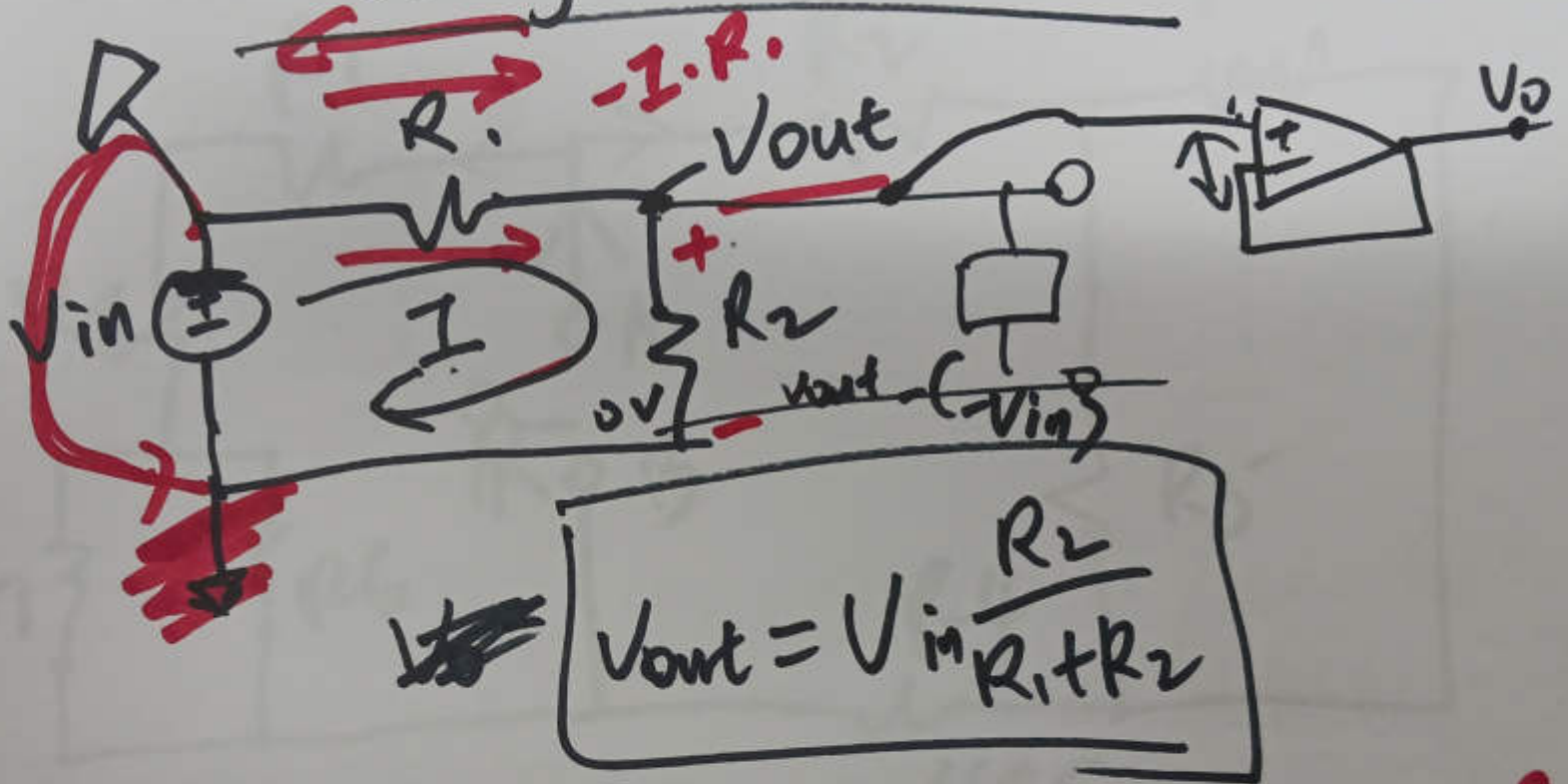
$$R_{eq} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3}}$$

(4)



(5)

Voltage Dividers



$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{\cancel{I} \cdot R_2}{\cancel{I} \cdot (R_1 + R_2)} \Rightarrow V_{out} = V_{in} \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2}$$

5

